

British Columbia and Yukon Cancer Registry Reporting Guidelines for Laboratories

Reportable

- Malignant (invasive/ in-situ, carcinoma, including also sarcoma, melanoma, germ cell tumor, mesothelioma), pre-malignant or uncertain if malignant tumor/neoplasm (i.e. tumor annotated as uncertain malignant potential)
- Systemic malignant or pre-malignant hematopoietic disease (blood/bone marrow/lymph nodes) (leukemia, lymphoma, myeloma/plasma cell neoplasm, myelodysplastic syndrome, myeloproliferative disease)
- Malignant as well as Benign tumor of the central nervous system and pineal and pituitary glands
 - Including Benign tumors in the central nervous system; the meninges, brain, spinal cord, cranial nerves, craniopharyngeal duct, pineal gland, and the pituitary gland (including schwannoma, meningioma...)
- High Grade Squamous Intraepithelial (HGSIL) (HSIL), including
 - Cervical intraepithelial neoplasia (CIN) 2-3
 - Vulvar intraepithelial neoplasia (VIN) 2-3
 - Vaginal intraepithelial neoplasia (VaIN) 2-3
 - Anal intraepithelial neoplasia (AIN) 2-3
- High Grade Dysplasia
 - GI tract (i.e. Barrett's, stomach, polyp/adenoma)
 - Pancreas – pancreatic intraepithelial neoplasia (PAIN) 3
 - Biliary tract – biliary intraepithelial neoplasia (BIN) 3
- Ovarian tumors (including borderline or malignant epithelial tumors, carcinoma, granulosa cell tumor, Sertoli-leydig cell tumor, small cell carcinoma, germ cell tumor; but excluding fibroma, thecoma or mature teratoma) and testicular tumor (germ cell tumor like seminoma, embryonal carcinoma, choriocarcinoma, yolk sac tumor)
- Others (lacking carcinoma/malignant annotation)
 - Carcinoid tumor, neuroendocrine tumor, Mesothelioma, thymoma,
 - Gastrointestinal stromal tumor, atypical lipomatous tumor, atypical chondroid tumor, solitary fibrous tumor,
 - Placental site trophoblastic tumor, epithelioid trophoblastic tumor
 - Immature teratoma, dysgerminoma
- Reportable skin malignancies:
 - *Carcinomas (i.e. squamous cell, basal cell and other types) of the following special skin or mucosal sites:*
 - *Lip, Anus and Anal Canal, Vulva, Vagina and Cervix, Penis and Scrotum*
 - *Melanoma, Mycosis fungoide/lymphoma, Kaposi's Sarcoma or other sarcoma (i.e. dermatofibrosarcoma protuberans), Merkel cell tumors/Adnexal Carcinoma/Microcystic Adnexal Carcinoma*

Not Reportable

- Basal cell carcinoma and squamous cell carcinomas of the skin (including squamous cell carcinoma in situ)
- Prostatic intraepithelial neoplasia

If you have any questions about reporting cases to the Cancer Registry, please email us at: cancerregistry@phsa.ca

The Cancer Registry would like to thank hospitals, pathologists, transcriptionists, radiologists and members of the medical profession and others who submit data, for their ongoing active support.

BC Cancer Registry - CNS and Hematopoietic Terminologies for REPORTABLE CANCERS

CNS		LY_LK (Hematopoietic)
Acidophil adenoma	Mesenchymoma, benign	Acute progressive histiocytosis X
Acoustic neuroma	Mesenchymoma, NOS	Agnogenic myeloid metaplasia
Acromegaly	Microfollicular adenoma	Angiocentric immunoproliferative lesion
Adenoma, NOS	Mixed acidophil-basophil adenoma	Alpha heavy chain disease
Angioblastic meningioma	Mixed cell adenoma	Amyloidosis, Primary
Angioblastoma	Mixed meningioma	Anemia, refractory (all types)
Angiocentric immunoproliferative Lesion	Monomorphic adenoma	Blastic plasmacytoid dendritic cell neoplasm
Angiolipoma, NOS	Mucoid cell adenoma	Chronic myeloproliferative disease
Angiomatous meningioma	Multiple meningiomas	Cytopenia, refractory with multilineage dysplasia
Arteriovenous Malformation	Multiple neurofibromatosis	Eosinophilic granuloma
Askin tumor	Myxopapillary ependymoma	Essential thrombocythemia
Astrocytoma	Neurilemmoma, NOS	Extramedullary plasmacytoma
Atypical fibrous histiocytoma	Neurinoma	Fibroblastic reticular cell tumour
Atypical fibroxanthoma	Neuroastrocytoma	Franklin disease
Basophil adenoma	Neurocytoma	Gamma heavy chain disease
Capillary Hemangioma	Neurofibroma, NOS	Generalized Langerhans cell Histiocytosis
Cavernous Hemangioma	Neurofibromatosis, NOS	Granuloma, eosinophilic
Choroid plexus papilloma, NOS	Neuroma, NOS	Hand-Schuller-Christian Disease
Chromophobe adenoma	Neurothekeoma	Heavy chain disease
Craniopharyngioma	Oncocytic adenoma	High grade myelodysplastic syndrome lesions
Dermoid cyst, NOS	Oncocytoma	Hypereosinophilic syndrome
Diffuse meningiomatosis	Oxyphilic adenoma	Immunoproliferative small intestinal disease
Endotheliomatous meningioma	Papillary adenoma, NOS	Indolent systemic mastocytosis (ISM)
Epithelioid hemangioendothelioma, NOS	Papillary ependymoma	JAK-2+
Extra-adrenal paraganglioma, NOS	Papillary meningioma	Langerhans Cell Histiocytosis
Fibroblastic meningioma	Paraganglioma, NOS	Leukemic reticuloendotheliosis
Fibroma, NOS	Pigmented Schwannoma	Lesion, angiocentric immunoproliferative
Fibrous histiocytoma, NOS	Pilocytic/juvenile astrocytoma	Letterer-Siwe disease
Fibrous meningioma	Pinealoma	Lymphoid granulomatosis
Fibroxanthoma, NOS	Pineocytoma	Lymphomatoid papulosis
Follicular Adenoma	Pituitary Adenoma	Lymphoproliferative (all types)
Gangliocytoma	Plexiform neurofibroma	Mast cell disease
Ganglioglioma	Plexiform neuroma	Mastocytosis
Ganglioneuroma	Prolactinoma	Metaplasia, (agnogenic) myeloid

Glioblastoma	Psammomatous meningioma	Monoclonal immunoglobulin deposition disease (Randall Disease)
Glioma	Rathke pouch tumor	Mycosis fungoides
Glioneuroma	Recklinghausen disease (except of bone)	Myelodysplastic syndrome with 5q- syndrome
Granular cell tumor, NOS	Rhabdomyoma, NOS	Myelofibrosis
Hemangioblastic meningioma	Schwannoma, NOS	Myelosclerosis with myeloid metaplasia
Hemangioblastoma	Subependymal astrocytoma	Pagetoid reticulosis
Hemangiioendothelioma, benign	Subependymal giant cell	MGUS (Monoclonal gammopathy of undetermined significance)
Hemangioma, NOS	Subependymal glioma	Panmyelosis, acute
Hemangiopericytic meningioma	Subependymoma	Polycythemia vera
Hemangiopericytoma, benign	Syncytial meningioma	Post transplant lymphoproliferative disorder
Hemangiopericytoma, NOS	Tectal plate lipoma	Pre-leukemic
Hurthle cell adenoma	Teratoma, benign	Primary amyloidosis
Hurthle cell tumor	Teratoma, NOS	Refractory cytopenia with multilineage dysplasia
Hyperprolactinemia	Transitional meningioma	Sezary disease
Lhermitte-Duclos disease	Tumor cells, benign	Solitary plasmacytoma
Lipoma	Tumor cells, uncertain whether	Therapy related myelodysplastic Syndrome
Lymphoproliferative disease, NOS	Tumorlets	Therapy-related myelodysplastic syndrome
Macroadenoma	Von Recklinghausen disease (except of bone)	Transient abnormal myelopoiesis
Melanocytic Schwannoma	Xanthofibroma	Waldenstrom macroglobulinemia
Meningioma, NOS		
Meningiomatosis, NOS		
Meningotheliomatous meningioma		